

## FACULTY OF HEALTH, APPLIED SCIENCES AND NATURAL RESOURCES SCHOOL OF HEALTH SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL HEALTH SCIENCES

QUALIFICATIO	N : BACHELOR OF MEDIC	CAL LABORATORY	SCIENCES				
	<b>BACHELOR OF HEALT</b>	I SYSTEMS INFORMATION MANAGEMENT					
	BACHELOR OF ENVIR	ONMENT HEALTH	H SCIENCES				
	<b>BACHELOR OF HUMA</b>	N NUTRITION					
QUALIFICATIO	N CODE: 08BMLS						
	07BHIS	LEVEL: 5					
	08BEHS	LEVEL: 5					
	08BOHN						
COURSE CODE	: HSC511S	COURSE NAME: HEALTH SCIENCE CHEMISTRY					
SESSION:	JUNE 23	PAPER:	THEORY				
DURATION:	3 HOURS	MARKS:	100				

TUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER
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INSTRUCTIONS									
1.	Answer ALL the questions.								
2.	Write clearly and neatly.								
3.	Number the answers clearly.								

#### **PERMISSIBLE MATERIALS**

- 1. Pen
- 2. Non-programmable calculator

**THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 9 PAGES** (Including this front page and the periodic table)

#### **QUESTION 1: Multiple Choice Questions**

- There are 20 multiple choice questions in this section. Each question carries 3 marks.
- Answer ALL questions by selecting the letter of the correct answer.
- Choose the best possible answer for each question, even if you think there is another possible answer that is not given.
  - 1.1 The number of significant figures in 0.010:
  - A. is 4
  - B. is 3
  - C. is 2
  - D. is 1
  - 1.2 Write the following number 0.000004013 using scientific notation.
  - A.  $4.013 \times 10^{-6}$
  - B. 4.013
  - C.  $4.013 \times 10^6$
  - D.  $4.01 \times 10^7$
  - 1.3 Do the following calculation and give the answer to the correct number of significant figures?

- A. 0.36
- B. 3.6
- C. 3.558
- D. 0.6
- 1.4 A toddler with a fever has a temperature of  $103^{\rm 0}$  F. What is this temperature reading
  - in Celsius?
  - A. 39.4° C
  - B. 37.1<sup>0</sup> C
  - C. 42.70 C
  - D. 35.30 C

- 1.5 List the following ions in order of decreasing ionic radius: N<sup>3-</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, F<sup>-</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, O<sup>2-</sup>.
  - A. Na+, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, N<sup>3-</sup>, O<sup>2-</sup>, F<sup>-</sup>
  - B. Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, F<sup>-</sup>, O<sup>2-</sup>, N<sup>3-</sup>
  - C. F<sup>-</sup>, O<sup>2-</sup>, N<sup>3-</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>
  - D. Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, N<sup>3-</sup>, O<sup>2-</sup>, F<sup>-</sup>
- 1.6 Give the full electron configuration of the following element: Ca<sup>+2</sup>.
  - A.  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2$
  - B.  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6$
  - C.  $1s^1 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^1$
  - D.  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^5 3s^2 3p^6$
- 1.7 Balance the following equation by providing the missing coefficients:

$${\_Na}_2{SiO}_3(s) + {\_HF} \, (aq) \ \rightarrow H_2{SiF}_6 \, (aq) + {\_NaF} (aq) + {\_H}_2{O(I)}$$

- A. 1, 8, 2, 3
- B. 2, 6, 2, 3
- C. 1, 8, 1, 2
- D. 2, 4, 3, 2
- 1.8 How many moles are in 4.6 x 10<sup>24</sup> of sulfur atoms?
  - A. 2.8 moles
  - B. 7.6 moles
  - C. 6.7 moles
  - D. 76.0 moles
- 1.9 How many grams of Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, are required to make 0.350 L of 0.500 M Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>?
  - A. 24.9 g Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
  - B. 23.4 g Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
  - C. 34.9 g Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
  - D. 28.9 g Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
- 1.10 Which of the following is the right combination of oxidation numbers for the following compound:  $Mn_2O_7$ .
  - A. Mn = +2, O = +7
  - B. Mn = +14, O = -2
  - C. Mn = +7, O = -2
  - D. Mn = +2, O = -7

1.11	From the follo	wing li	st select	t the ele	ments	that are metals:
	I. Fe,	II. S,	III. Si,	IV. Na,	V. U,	VI. Hg

- A. II, III
- B. I, III, IV, V,
- C. I, IV, V, VI
- D. III, IV, V
- 1.12 How many moles are there in 24.0g of C?
  - A. 4.1 moles C
  - B. 2.0 moles C
  - C. 3.2 moles C
  - D. 3.4 moles C
- 1.13 How many molecules are in 0.63 moles of molecules?
  - A. 8.3 x 10<sup>21</sup> molecules
  - B. 4.1 x 10<sup>26</sup> molecules
  - C. 3.8 x 10<sup>24</sup> molecules
  - D. 3.8 x 10<sup>23</sup> molecules
- 1.14 How many liters are required to make 800mL of a 2.0M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> solution, starting with a 6.0M stock solution?
  - A. 26.1 L
  - B. 0.62 L
  - C. 0.26 L
  - D. 12.4 L
- 1.15 Which one of the following name-formula combinations is NOT correct?
  - A. Mercury (I) nitrate, HgNO<sub>3</sub>
  - B. Calcium phosphate, Ca<sub>3</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
  - C. Copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate, CuSO<sub>4</sub>·5H<sub>2</sub>O
  - D. Hydrofluoric acid, HF(aq)
- 1.16 If 10 mL of 1 M HCl was required to titrate a 20 mL of NaOH solution of unknown concentration to its endpoint, what was the concentration of the NaOH?
  - A. 0.5 M
  - B. 1 M
  - C. 1.5 M
  - D. 2 M

- 1.17 What is the percentage composition of calcium in calcium hydroxide, Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub>?
  - A. 40%
  - B. 43%
  - C. 54%
  - D. 69%
  - E. 74%
- 1.18 Which of these would be least soluble in water?
  - A. Ethanol (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-OH)
  - B. Butanol (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-OH)
  - C. Pentanol (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-OH)
  - D. Hexanol (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-OH)
  - E. Octanol (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-OH)
- 1.19 The alcohol shown below is a:

- A. Primary alcohol
- B. Secondary alcohol
- C. Tertiary alcohol
- D. Allylic alcohol
- 1.20 What is the name of the following alkene according to the IUPAC rules?

$$CH_2-CH_3\\ CH_3-CH_2-C=CH-CH_3$$

- A. 2-ethyl-3-pentene
- B. 3-ethyl-2-pentene
- C. 3-methyl-2-pentene
- D. 3- pentene -2- ethyl

**END OF SECTION A** 

#### **QUESTION 2**

2.1 Compute the following and report answers to correct number of significant figures and answer should be in scientific notation. [3]

- a) (0.62 + 0.532) 0.5
- b)  $(3.250 \times 10^2) \times (2.30 \times 10^4)$
- c)  $0.000440 \times 17.22 \div 203,000$

#### **QUESTION 3**

3.1 A student was determining the density of the solid object as shown in the Fig 3.1 below.

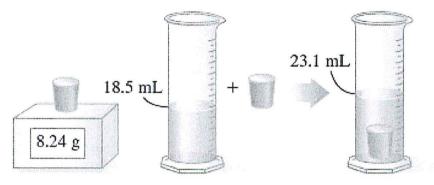


Fig 3.1

- a) What is the density of the solid object that is weighed and submerged in water? [4]
- b) Express the density in SI units (kg/m³) [2]
- c) Express the answer in scientific notation [1]

#### **QUESTION 4**

 $4.1\,\mathrm{A}$  molecular compound, with a molecular mass of 80.063 g/mol is composed of 40.05% S and 59.95% O, by mass.

- a) What is the molecular formula of this compound? [5]
- b) Give the name of the compound. [2]

#### **QUESTION 5**

5.1 34.0 g of Aluminium reacts with 39.0 g of chlorine gas to form aluminium chloride.

- a) Write a balanced equation of this reaction [2]
- b) Determine the limiting reagent [3]
- c) How many grams of aluminium chloride will be produced from 34.0g of aluminium and 39.0g of chlorine gas? [5]

# QUESTION 6 6.1 For the reaction of aqueous silver nitrate (AgNO<sub>3</sub>) solution and aqueous sodium iodide (NaI) solution write the balanced:

a)	Molec	ular equation of the reaction	[3]
b)	The co	mplete ionic equation of the reaction	[3]
c)	The ne	t ionic equation of the reaction	[2]
QUEST	TION 7		
7.1 For	r each o	f the following, give the corresponding name or formula	[5]
	a)	Copper (I) sulphate	
	b)	Dichlorine heptoxide	

c) Co<sub>3</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

e) chromium (VI) oxide

d) P<sub>4</sub>S<sub>6</sub>

### **END OF THE EXAMINATION QUESTIONS**

1	Periodic Table of the Elements												18				
Hydrogen		12 14 15 16 17 He												He			
1.008	2											13	14	15	16	17	4.003
3	4											5 <b>D</b>	6	7	8	9	10
LI	Be Beryllium											B	Carbon	N	O	Fluorine	Ne
6.941	9.012											10.811	12.011	Nitrogen 14.007	Oxygen 15.999	18.998	Neon 20.180
11	12											13	14	15	16	17	18
Na	Mg											AI	Si	P	S	CI	Ar
Sodium	Magnesium	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Aluminum	Silicon	Phosphorus	Sulfur	Chlorine	Argon
22.990	24305										1	26,982	28.086	30.974	32.066	35.453	39.948
19 K		21	<sup>22</sup> Ti	<sup>23</sup> V	Cr	Mn 25	1	Co Co	Ni Ni	29	<sup>30</sup> <b>Z</b> n	31			34	1	36
Potassium	Calcium	Sc Scandium	Titanium	Vanadium	Chromium	Manganese	Fe	Cobalt	Nickel	Cu	Zinc	Gallium	Ge	As	Se Selenium	Br Bromine	Kr
39.098	40.078	44.956	47.88	50.942	51.996	54.938	55.933	58.933	58.693	63.546	65.39	69.732	72.61	74.922	78.09	79.904	Krypton 84.80
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	l In	Sn	Sb	Te		Xe
Rubidium	Strontium	Yttrium	Zirconium	Niobium	Molibdenum	Technetium	Ruthenium	Rhodium	Palladium	Salver	Cadmium	Indium	Tin	Antimony	Tellurium	lodine	Xenon
84.468	87.62	88.906	91,224	92.906	95.94	98.907	101.07	102.906	106.42	107.868	112.411	114.818	118.71	121.760	127.6	126.904	131.29
55	56 D	57-71	72	73	74	75 D -	76	77	78	79	80	81	82 DL	83 D:		85	86
Cs	Ba	Lanthanides	Hf Hadnisan	Ta	W Tungsten	Re	Os	Iridium	Pt	Au	Hg	Thallium	Pb	Bi	Po Polonium	At	Rn
132.905	137.327	Lindinioes	178.49	180,948	183.85	186.207	190.23	192.22	195.08	196,967	200.59	204,383	207.2	208,980	[208.982]	209.987	222.018
87	88	89-103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118
Fr	Ra		Rf	Db	Sg Seaborgium	Bh	Hs	Mt	Ds	Rg	Cn	Uut	FI	Uup	Lv	Uus	Uuo
Francium	Radium	Actinides	Rutherfordium	Dubnium		Bohrium	Hassium	Meitnerium	Darmstadtium	Roentgeneum	Copernicium	Ununtrium	Flerovium	Ununpentium	Livermorium	Ununseptium	Ununoctium
223.020	226.025		[261]	[262]	[266]	[264]	[269]	[268]	[269]	[272]	[277]	unknown	[289]	unknown	[298]	unicnown	unknown

57 La Lanthanom 138.906	58 Ce Cerium 140.115	Pr	Neodymium	Pm Promethium	Sm Samarium 15036	Eu Europium	64 Gd Gadolinium 157.25	Tb	Dy Dysprosium 162.50	Но	Erbium	69 <b>Tm</b> Thulium 168.934	70 Yb Ytterbium 173,04	Lu Lutetium 174,967
89 Ac Actinium 227,028	% Th	91 Pa Protactinium 231.036	<sup>92</sup> U	93 Np Neptunium 237.048	94 Pu Plutonium 244.064		% Cm	97 Bk Berkelium 247,070	98 Cf	99 Es Einsteinium [254]	Fm	IOI Md Mendelevium 258.1	102 <b>No</b>	103 Lr Lawrencium [262]